

## NEW ACCURATE WAVENUMBERS OF $\text{H}^{35}\text{Cl}^+$ AND $\text{H}^{37}\text{Cl}^+$ ROVIBRATIONAL TRANSITIONS IN THE $v = 0 - 1$ BAND OF THE $^2\Pi$ STATE.

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$\text{HCl}^+$  is a key intermediate in the interstellar chemistry of chlorine. It has been recently identified in space from *Herschel*'s spectra<sup>a</sup> and it has also been detected in the laboratory through its optical emission<sup>b</sup>, infrared<sup>c</sup> and mm-wave spectra<sup>d</sup>. Now that *Herschel* is decommissioned, further astrophysical studies on this radical ion will likely rely on ground-based observations in the mid-infrared. We have used a difference frequency laser spectrometer coupled to a hollow cathode discharge to measure the absorption spectrum of  $\text{H}^{35}\text{Cl}^+$  and  $\text{H}^{37}\text{Cl}^+$  in the  $v = 0 - 1$  band of the  $^2\Pi$  state with Doppler limited resolution. The accuracy of the individual measurements ( $\sim 10$  MHz ( $3\sigma$ )) relies on a solid state wavemeter referenced to an iodine-stabilized  $\text{Ar}^+$  laser. The new data are being fit using the CALPGM software from JPL, and the current status will be presented.

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<sup>a</sup>M. De Luca et al., *Astrophys. J. Lett.* **751**, L37 (2012)

<sup>b</sup>W. D. Sheasley and C. W. Mathews, *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* **47**, 420 (1973)

<sup>c</sup>P. B. Davies, P. A. Hamilton, B. A. Johnson, *Mol. Phys.* **57**, 217 (1986)

<sup>d</sup>H. Gupta, B. J. Drouin, and J. C. Pearson, *Astrophys. J. Lett.* **751**, L37 (2012)